

Technology trends in robotics

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NUCLEAR AMRC

What is a robot?



Robot

- Defined by International Standards Organisation
- ► Two types:
 - Industrial
 - ► Service

Not robot

- ► Software (Robot Process Automation, AI, "bots")
- Remote controlled drones
- ► Autonomous cars & trucks
- ► ATMs, smart washing machines etc





Market growth – Industrial Robots





IFR International Federation of Reportics

Growth by sector – Industrial Robots





IFR International Federation of Repotics

Service Robotics



Strong growth

- ▶ Professional service robots 121,000 units (+37%)
- ► Consumer service robots 19 million units (+6%)

Key markets for professional service robots

- ► Transportation & logistics 49.5k units
- ► Hospitality 20k units
- ► Medical & healthcare 14.8k units
- Professional cleaning 12.6k units
- ► Agriculture 8k units
- ► Maintenance & inspection 5.5k units





Robot Adoption in the UK





Benefits of Robot Adoption to UK



The key challenges that robotics and automation could overcome are:



Solving the UK's productivity

puzzle: UK productivity is **16%** behind the G7 average, ahead of only Italy in the rankings.

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Labour shortages post-EU Exit: a need to replace lost labour due to the end of freedom of movement between the EU and UK.



Increasing wages: the higher pay level pushes employers to consider automation of routine tasks.



Post - COVID working practices: automation can support a more resilient, scalable, and adaptable business operating model.



Reshoring: in some instances, robotics and automation has the scope to bring some manufacturing back to the UK.



Need for manufacturing to maintain a competitive advantage: for existing manufacturers harnessing the technologies is a key element of UK industry remaining competitive.

Made Smarter - robotics & automation over next 10 years = £184BN

Copenhagen Business School – UK productivity increase by 22.3%

Sources: The Manufacturer – Annual Manufacturing Report 2020 (2020); WorkFusion – The Difference Between Robotics and Automation (November 2019); London Economics – Industry 4.0 and the Future of UK Space Manufacturing (January 2019); CBI – Great job (May 2019)



Ease of use

- ► Icon driven programming & manual guidance
- ► Visualisation
- ► Easy set & installation
 - ► No code programming
 - Out-of-the-box solutions
- ► Machine vision
 - ► Greater integration

► AI









Up skilling

- ► Drive for interesting, rewarding jobs
 - Expectations of Generation Z etc
 - ► Lack of labour
- ► Replace dull, dirty & dangerous tasks
- ► Robotics in schools, daily life
 - Greater technology acceptance





Re- and near shoring

- ► Supply chain issues
 - ► COVID-19
 - ► Trade tensions
 - Transport increasing costs & net zero
- Manufacturing closer to the customer





Supporting digitalisation

- ► Smart factories
 - Exploitation of data
 - Intelligent & agile automation
- ► Greater use of AI



Growth & new industries

Consumer behaviour

- ► E-commerce revolution
- Personalisation of products & delivery
 - ► Trend to high mix low volume
- Labour shortages
- ► Logistics
- ► Agriculture
- Hospitality & food service
- Professional cleaning









The Future



- ► Major growth
 - ► SMEs
 - ► Non-manufacturing
- Industrial & service robots boundaries blur
- ► Robots in our daily lives









Thank You

Mike Wilson

Chief Engineer – Robotics & Automation High Value Manufacturing Catapult

mike.wilson@hvm.catapult.org.uk